



MANGALAM WORLDWIDE LIMITED

POLICY ON DETERMINATION OF MATERIALITY OF EVENTS/ INFORMATION AND ITS DISCLOSURE TO STOCK EXCHANGE(S)

REGISTERED OFFICE:

**102, MANGALAM CORPORATE HOUSE, 42, SHRIMALI SOCIETY, NETAJI MARG,
MITHAKHALI, NAVRANGPURA, AHMEDABAD-380009, GUJARAT, INDIA.**

POLICY ON DETERMINATION OF MATERIALITY OF EVENTS/ INFORMATION AND ITS DISCLOSURE TO STOCK EXCHANGE(S)

[Pursuant to Regulation 30 of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015]

1. Objective:

The Securities and Exchange Board of India (“SEBI”) has issued SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosures Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (the “Listing Regulations”). In terms of Regulation 30 (4) (ii), the Board of Directors (the “Board”) of the Mangalam Worldwide Limited (the “Company”) has adopted this Policy for determining Materiality for Disclosures (the “Policy”) for determination of materiality of events or information (“Material Information”), to enable the Company to promptly disclose such information or event to the Stock Exchanges, pursuant to the Listing Regulations.

The Policy sets out the guidelines for identification of events or information within the Company which are deemed to be material in the opinion of the Board of Directors.

2. Authorised Person:

Regulation 30 (5) of Listing Regulations provides that the Board of Directors of the listed entity shall authorize one or more Key Managerial Personnel for the purpose of determining materiality of an event or information and for the purpose of making disclosures to Stock Exchange(s) under the necessary provisions of the Listing Regulation and the contact details of such personnel shall be also disclosed to the Stock Exchange(s) and as well as on the listed entity's website.

Therefore, the Board of Directors may authorised the Key Managerial Personnel of the Company from time to time, for the purpose of determining materiality of an event or information and making disclosure to Stock Exchanges. The materiality of the event or information may be decided in consultation with business heads, plant heads, project heads and senior management personnel or persons connected with the event or information.

Powers and Responsibilities of the Authorised Person for determining material events or information within the Company:

- To review and assess the materiality of an event that may qualify as ‘material’ and may require disclosure, on the basis of facts and circumstances prevailing at that point in time.
- The disclosure shall be finalised in consultation with the Managing Director and in his absence, the Executive Director or Chief Financial Officer. For this purpose, the relevant details of event or information shall be sent to the Authorised Persons promptly or as soon as practicable to enable its disclosure to the Stock Exchanges.

- To make required disclosures within the stipulated time of actual occurrence of an event or information, after ascertaining facts.
- To disclose material developments on a regular basis, till such time the event or transaction is resolved/ closed, with relevant explanations.
- To consider such other events or information that may require disclosure to be made to the Stock Exchanges which are not explicitly defined in the Listing Regulations and determine the materiality, appropriate time and contents of disclosure for such matters.
- To disclose material events or information with respect to the subsidiaries of the Company.

3. Deemed material events or information:

Events or information specified in Para A of Part A of Schedule III of the Listing Regulations are required to be disclosed irrespective of application of any quantitative or qualitative materiality thresholds as these are “deemed” to be material. The applicable events (also referred to as “**deemed disclosures**”) are given in **Annexure-1**.

4. Guidelines for materiality assessment:

- The events or information specified in Para B of Part A of Schedule III of the Regulations, which will be disclosed based on application of materiality criteria, are given in **Annexure-2**.
- Materiality must be determined on a case to case basis depending on the material facts and the circumstances pertaining to the information or event and would be determined based on the qualitative judgement to be exercised by the Authorised Persons.
- The following criteria will be applicable for determination of materiality of event or information:
 - the omission of an event or information, which is likely to result in a discontinuity or alteration of an event already available publicly; or
 - the omission of an event or information is likely to result in significant market reaction if the said omission came to light at a later date; or
 - the omission of an event or information, whose value or the expected impact in terms of value, exceeds the lower of the following
 - (1) two percent of turnover, as per the last audited consolidated financial statements of the listed entity;
 - (2) two percent of net worth, as per the last audited consolidated financial statements of the listed entity, except in case the arithmetic value of the net worth is negative;
 - (3) five percent of the average of absolute value of profit or loss after tax, as per the last three audited consolidated financial statements of the listed entity; orsuch other criteria under applicable Listing Regulations, from time to time.

In case where the above criteria are not applicable, an event or information may be treated as being material if in the opinion of the board of directors of the company, the event or information is considered material.

- Any event or information having a significant risk to the reputation of the Company.
- In the opinion of the Board of Directors of the Company, the event/ information ought to be disclosed though not required to be statutorily intimated.
- The quantitative criteria as indicated in **Annexure-2**, shall apply to events specified in Para B of Part A of Schedule III of the Listing Regulations only and shall be used as a yardstick or reference for determining materiality.
- Only such impact which is direct, reasonably perceivable and not remote, quantifiable and having a short-term horizon of 1-2 years, shall be considered.
- Notwithstanding anything stated in **Annexure-2**, the Authorized Persons may apply qualitative criteria for deeming an event/ information to be material or not in cases where aforementioned quantitative criteria cannot be ascertained/ applied reasonably.

5. Disclosure:

Any event or information falling under Regulation 30 of the Listing Regulations (as per **Annexures 1** and **2**) shall be informed to the Authorised Person(s) promptly upon occurrence, with adequate supporting data/ information, to facilitate a prompt and appropriate disclosure to the Stock Exchange. The guidance on when an event/ information has occurred as indicated in Annexure-II of SEBI's Circular dated September 9, 2015 and July 13, 2023 and/or such other SEBI circular(s) from the time being in force.

Any other event, even if not covered under the Listing Regulations but is potentially of price sensitive nature, must also be informed for further evaluation, to the Authorised Persons.

The Authorised Persons will ascertain the materiality of events or information considering their nature and relevant impact in terms of discontinuity of market information and significant market reaction in case of omission. The respective departments shall assist the Authorised Persons in this assessment.

After evaluation, the Authorised Person shall issue a suitable disclosure to the Stock Exchange(s) in consultation with the Managing Director and in his absence, the Executive Director or Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to Regulation 30 of the Listing Regulations.

6. Policy review:

In case of any subsequent changes in the provisions of the Listing Regulations or any other regulations which makes any of the clauses/ provisions of this Policy inconsistent with the Listing Regulations, the provisions of the Listing Regulations would prevail over

the Policy and the clauses/provisions in the Policy would be deemed to be modified accordingly. The Board also, at its discretion, has the power to review and revise the Policy.

7. Disclosure on website:

As required under the Listing Regulations, the Policy will be disclosed on the website of the Company viz., www.mangalamworldwide.com.

Further, the Company shall disclose on its website all such events or information which have been disclosed to the Stock Exchange(s) under the Listing Regulation and such disclosure shall be hosted on the website of the Company for a minimum period of 5 (five) years and thereafter as per the archival policy of the Company. Any change in the content of its website shall be updated within 2 (two) working days from the date of such change in content.

ANNEXURE: 1

A. Events which shall be disclosed without any application of the guidelines for materiality as specified in sub-regulation (4) of Regulation (30): -

1. Acquisition(s) (including agreement to acquire), Scheme of Arrangement (amalgamation/ merger/ demerger/ restructuring), sale or disposal of any unit(s), division(s), whole or substantially the whole of the undertaking(s) or subsidiary of the Company, sale of stake in associate company of the listed entity or any other restructuring.

Explanation- For the purpose of this sub-paragraph, the word 'acquisition' shall mean, -

- (i) acquiring control, whether directly or indirectly; or,
- (ii) acquiring or agreeing to acquire shares or voting rights in, a company, whether directly or indirectly, such that –
 - (a) the Company holds shares or voting rights aggregating to five per cent or more of the shares or voting rights in the said company, or;
 - (b) there has been a change in holding from the last disclosure made under sub-clause (a) of clause (ii) of the Explanation to this sub-para and such change exceeds two per cent of the total shareholding or voting rights in the said company.
 - (c) the cost of acquisition or the price at which the shares are acquired exceeds the threshold specified in sub-clause (c) of clause (i) of sub-regulation (4) of regulation 30.

Explanation (2) - For the purpose of this sub-paragraph, “sale or disposal of subsidiary” and “sale of stake in associate company” shall include-

- (i) an agreement to sell or sale of shares or voting rights in a company such that the company ceases to be a wholly owned subsidiary, a subsidiary or an associate company of the listed entity; or
- (ii) an agreement to sell or sale of shares or voting rights in a subsidiary or

associate company such that the amount of the sale exceeds the threshold specified in sub-clause (c) of clause (i) of sub-regulation (4) of regulation 30.

Explanation (3)- For the purpose of this sub-paragraph, “undertaking” and “substantially the whole of the undertaking” shall have the same meaning as given under section 180 of the Companies Act, 2013.

2. Issuance or forfeiture of securities, split or consolidation of shares, buyback of securities, any restriction on transferability of securities or alteration in terms or structure of existing securities including forfeiture, reissue of forfeited securities, alteration of calls, redemption of securities etc.
3. New Rating(s) or Revision in Rating(s).
4. Outcome of Meetings of the board of directors:
The Company shall disclose to the Exchange(s), within 30 minutes of the closure of the meeting, held to consider the following:
 - a) dividends and/or cash bonuses recommended or declared or the decision to pass any dividend and the date on which dividend shall be paid/dispatched;
 - b) any cancellation of dividend with reasons thereof;
 - c) the decision on buyback of securities;
 - d) the decision with respect to fund raising proposed to be undertaken
 - e) increase in capital by issue of bonus shares through capitalization including the date on which such bonus shares shall be credited/dispatched;
 - f) reissue of forfeited shares or securities, or the issue of shares or securities held in reserve for future issue or the creation in any form or manner of new shares or securities or any other rights, privileges or benefits to subscribe to;
 - g) short particulars of any other alterations of capital, including calls;
 - h) financial results;
 - i) decision on voluntary delisting by the Company from stock exchange(s).

Provided that in case of board meetings being held for more than one day, the financial results shall be disclosed within thirty minutes of end of the meeting for the day on which it has been considered.

5. Agreements (viz. shareholder agreement(s), joint venture agreement(s), family settlement agreement(s) (to the extent that it impacts management and control of the Company), agreement(s)/treaty(ies)/contract(s) with media companies) which are binding and not in normal course of business, revision(s) or amendment(s) and termination(s) thereof.
- 5A Agreements entered into by the shareholders, promoters, promoter group entities, related parties, directors, key managerial personnel, employees of the listed entity or of its holding, subsidiary or associate company, among themselves or with the listed entity or with a third party, solely or jointly, which, either directly or indirectly or potentially or whose purpose and effect is to, impact the management or control of the listed entity or impose any restriction or create any liability upon the listed entity, shall be disclosed to the Stock Exchanges, including disclosure of any rescission, amendment or alteration of such agreements thereto, whether or not the listed entity is a party to

such agreements:

Provided that such agreements entered into by a listed entity in the normal course of business shall not be required to be disclosed unless they, either directly or indirectly or potentially or whose purpose and effect is to, impact the management or control of the listed entity or they are required to be disclosed in terms of any other provisions of these regulations.

Explanation: For the purpose of this clause, the term “directly or indirectly” includes agreements creating obligation on the parties to such agreements to ensure that listed entity shall or shall not act in a particular manner

6. Fraud/ defaults by a Company, its promoter, director key managerial personnel, senior management or subsidiary or arrest of key managerial personnel, senior management, promoter or director of the company whether occurred within India or abroad.

For the purpose of this sub-paragraph:

- (i) ‘Fraud’ shall include fraud as defined under Regulation 2(1)(c) of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Fraudulent and Unfair Trade Practices relating to Securities Market) Regulations, 2003.
- (ii) ‘Default’ shall mean non-payment of the interest or principal amount in full on the date when the debt has become due and payable.

Explanation 1 - In case of revolving facilities like cash credit, an entity would be considered to be in ‘default’ if the outstanding balance remains continuously in excess of the sanctioned limit or drawing power, whichever is lower, for more than thirty days.

Explanation 2 - Default by a promoter, director, key managerial personnel, senior management, subsidiary shall mean default which has or may have an impact on the listed entity.

7. Change in directors, key managerial personnel (Managing Director, Chief Operating Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary etc.), senior management, Auditor and Compliance Officer.
- 7A. In case of resignation of the auditor of the Company, detailed reasons for resignation of auditor, as given by the said auditor, shall be disclosed by the Company to the stock exchanges as soon as possible but not later than twenty four hours of receipt of such reasons from the auditor.
- 7B Resignation of Independent Director including reasons for resignation: In case of resignation of an Independent Director of the Company, within seven days from the date of resignation, the following disclosures shall be made to the stock exchanges by the Company:
 - i. The letter of resignation along with detailed reasons for the resignation of as given by the said director.

- ia. Names of listed entities in which the resigning director holds directorships, indicating the category of directorship and membership of board committees, if any.
 - ii. The Independent Director shall, along with the detailed reasons, also provide a confirmation that there is no other material reasons other than those provided.
 - iii. The confirmation as provided by the Independent Director above shall also be disclosed by Company to the stock exchanges along with the disclosures as specified in sub-clause (i) and (ii) above.
- 7C In case of resignation of key managerial personnel, senior management, Compliance Officer or director other than an independent director; the letter of resignation along with detailed reasons for the resignation as given by the key managerial personnel, senior management, Compliance Officer or director shall be disclosed to the stock exchanges by the listed entities within seven days from the date that such resignation comes into effect.
- 7D In case the Managing Director or Chief Executive Officer of the listed entity was indisposed or unavailable to fulfil the requirements of the role in a regular manner for more than forty five days in any rolling period of ninety days, the same along with the reasons for such indisposition or unavailability, shall be disclosed to the stock exchange(s).
8. Appointment or discontinuation of share transfer agent.
 9. Resolution plan/ Restructuring in relation to loans/borrowings from banks/financial institutions including the following details:
 - (i) Decision to initiate resolution of loans/borrowings;
 - (ii) Signing of Inter-Creditors Agreement (ICA) by lenders;
 - (iii) Finalization of Resolution Plan;
 - (iv) Implementation of Resolution Plan;
 - (v) Salient features, not involving commercial secrets, of the resolution/ restructuring plan as decided by lenders
 10. One-time settlement with a bank.
 11. winding-up petition filed by any party/ creditors.
 12. Issuance of Notices, call letters, resolutions and circulars sent to shareholders, debenture holders or creditors or any class of them or advertised in the media by the Company.
 13. Proceedings of Annual and extraordinary general meetings of the Company.
 14. Amendments to memorandum and articles of association of Company, in brief.
 15. (a) Schedule of analysts or institutional investors meet at least two working days in advance (excluding the date of the intimation and the date of the meet) and presentations made by the Company to analysts or institutional investors.

Explanation: For the purpose of this clause 'meet' shall mean group meetings or group conference calls conducted physically or through digital means.

 - (b) Audio or video recordings and transcripts of post earnings/quarterly calls, by whatever name called, conducted physically or through digital means, simultaneously with submission to the recognized stock exchange(s), in the following manner:
 - (i) the presentation and the audio/video recordings shall be promptly made

available on the website and in any case, before the next trading day or within twenty-four hours from the conclusion of such calls, whichever is earlier;

- (ii) the transcripts of such calls shall be made available on the website within five working days of the conclusion of such calls:

16. The following events in relation to the corporate insolvency resolution process (CIRP) of a listed corporate debtor under the Insolvency Code:

- a) Filing of application by the corporate applicant for initiation of CIRP, also specifying the amount of default;
- b) Filing of application by financial creditors for initiation of CIRP against the corporate debtor, also specifying the amount of default;
- c) Admission of application by the Tribunal, along with amount of default or rejection or withdrawal, as applicable;
- d) Public announcement made pursuant to order passed by the Tribunal under section 13 of Insolvency Code;
- e) List of creditors as required to be displayed by the corporate debtor under regulation 13(2)(c) of the IBBI (Insolvency Resolution Process for Corporate Persons) Regulations, 2016;
- f) Appointment/ Replacement of the Resolution Professional;
- g) Prior or post-facto intimation of the meetings of Committee of Creditors;
- h) Brief particulars of invitation of resolution plans under section 25(2)(h) of Insolvency Code in the Form specified under regulation 36A(5) of the IBBI (Insolvency Resolution Process for Corporate Persons) Regulations, 2016;
- i) Number of resolution plans received by Resolution Professional;
- j) Filing of resolution plan with the Tribunal;
- k) Approval of resolution plan by the Tribunal or rejection, if applicable;
- l) Specific features and details of the resolution plan as approved by the Adjudicating Authority under the Insolvency Code, not involving commercial secrets, including details such as:
 - (i) Pre and Post net-worth of the company;
 - (ii) Details of assets of the company post CIRP;
 - (iii) Details of securities continuing to be imposed on the companies' assets;
 - (iv) Other material liabilities imposed on the company;
 - (v) Detailed pre and post shareholding pattern assuming 100% conversion of convertible securities;
 - (vi) Details of funds infused in the company, creditors paid-off;
 - (vii) Additional liability on the incoming investors due to the transaction, source of such funding etc.;
 - (viii) Impact on the investor – revised P/E, RONW ratios etc.;
 - (ix) Names of the new promoters, key managerial persons(s), if any and their past experience in the business or employment. In case where promoters are companies, history of such company and names of natural persons in control;
 - (x) Brief description of business strategy.
- m) Any other material information not involving commercial secrets.
- n) Proposed steps to be taken by the incoming investor/acquirer for achieving the

MPS;

- o) Quarterly disclosure of the status of achieving the MPS;
 - p) The details as to the delisting plans, if any approved in the resolution plan.
17. Initiation of Forensic audit: In case of initiation of forensic audit, (by whatever name called), the following disclosures shall be made to the stock exchanges:
- a) The fact of initiation of forensic audit along-with name of entity initiating the audit and reasons for the same, if available;
 - b) Final forensic audit report (other than for forensic audit initiated by regulatory / enforcement agencies) on receipt by the Company along with comments of the management, if any.
18. Announcement or communication through social media intermediaries or mainstream media by directors, promoters, key managerial personnel or senior management of a listed entity, in relation to any event or information which is material for the listed entity in terms of regulation 30 of these regulations and is not already made available in the public domain by the listed entity.
Explanation – “social media intermediaries” shall have the same meaning as defined under the Information Technology (Intermediary Guidelines and Digital Media Ethics Code) Rules, 2021.
19. Action(s) initiated or orders passed by any regulatory, statutory, enforcement authority or judicial body against the listed entity or its directors, key managerial personnel, senior management, promoter or subsidiary, in relation to the listed entity, in respect of the following:
- (a) search or seizure; or
 - (b) re-opening of accounts under section 130 of the Companies Act, 2013; or
 - (c) investigation under the provisions of Chapter XIV of the Companies Act, 2013; along with the following details pertaining to the actions(s) initiated, taken or orders passed:
 - i. name of the authority;
 - ii. nature and details of the action(s) taken, initiated or order(s) passed;
 - iii. date of receipt of direction or order, including any ad-interim or interim orders, or any other communication from the authority;
 - iv. details of the violation(s)/contravention(s) committed or alleged to be committed;
 - v. impact on financial, operation or other activities of the listed entity, quantifiable in monetary terms to the extent possible.
20. Action(s) taken or orders passed by any regulatory, statutory, enforcement authority or judicial body against the listed entity or its directors, key managerial personnel, senior management, promoter or subsidiary, in relation to the listed entity, in respect of the following:
- (a) suspension;
 - (b) imposition of fine or penalty;

- (c) settlement of proceedings;
 - (d) debarment;
 - (e) disqualification;
 - (f) closure of operations;
 - (g) sanctions imposed;
 - (h) warning or caution; or
 - (i) any other similar action(s) by whatever name called;
 - (j) along with the following details pertaining to the actions(s) initiated, taken or orders passed:
 - i. name of the authority;
 - ii. nature and details of the action(s) taken, initiated or order(s) passed;
 - iii. date of receipt of direction or order, including any ad-interim or interim orders, or any other communication from the authority;
 - iv. details of the violation(s)/contravention(s) committed or alleged to be committed;
 - v. impact on financial, operation or other activities of the listed entity, quantifiable in monetary terms to the extent possible.
21. Voluntary revision of financial statements or the report of the board of directors of the listed entity under section 131 of the Companies Act, 2013.

ANNEXURE: 2

B. Illustrative list of events which shall be disclosed upon the application of guidelines for materiality:

1. Commencement or any postponement in the date of commencement of commercial production or commercial operations of any unit/ division.
2. Any of the following events pertaining to the listed entity:
 - (a) arrangements for strategic, technical, manufacturing, or marketing tie-up; or
 - (b) adoption of new line(s) of business; or
 - (c) closure of operations of any unit, division or subsidiary (in entirety or in piecemeal).
3. Capacity addition or product launch.
4. Awarding, bagging/ receiving, amendment or termination of awarded/bagged orders/contracts not in the normal course of business.
5. Agreements (viz. loan agreement(s) or any other agreement(s) which are binding and not in normal course of business) and revision(s) or amendment(s) or termination(s) thereof.
6. Disruption of operations of any one or more units or division of the Company due to natural calamity (earthquake, flood, fire etc.), force majeure or events such as strikes, lockouts etc.
7. Effect(s) arising out of change in the regulatory framework applicable to the Company.
8. Pendency of any litigation(s) or dispute(s) or the outcome thereof which may have an impact on the listed entity.

9. Fraud or defaults by employees of Company which has or may have an impact on the listed entity.
 10. Options to purchase securities including any ESOP/ESPS Scheme.
 11. Giving of guarantees or indemnity or becoming a surety, by whatever named called, for any third party.
 12. Granting, withdrawal, surrender, cancellation or suspension of key licenses or regulatory approvals.
 13. Delay or default in the payment of fines, penalties, dues, etc. to any regulatory, statutory, enforcement or judicial authority
- C.** Any other information/event viz. major development that is likely to affect business, e.g. emergence of new technologies, expiry of patents, any change of accounting policy that may have a significant impact on the accounts, etc. and brief details thereof and any other information which is exclusively known to the Company which may be necessary to enable the holders of securities of the Company to appraise its position and to avoid the establishment of a false market in such securities.
- D.** Without prejudice to the generality of para (A), (B) and (C) above, the Company may make disclosure of event / information as specified by the Board from time to time.

Policy was approved by the Board : 17th March, 2022 and thereafter it was modified by the Board on 20th December, 2023